

HOOD - Current Price - \$17.80 - breaking to the upside out of a bull flag after bouncing off previous resistance now acting as support.



^{***}Chart created by Ryan Miscik on the Trading View platform on 4/29/2024. The performance data shown represents past performance and does not quarantee future results.



SNOW - Current Price - \$158.25 - broke above the downtrend and also back tested it intraday on Friday where it held as support. Also broke above the 9 and 21 day moving averages.



^{***}Chart created by Ryan Miscik on the Trading View platform on 4/29/2024. The performance data shown represents past performance and does not guarantee future results.



CNX - Current Price - \$23.70 - Inverse head and shoulders breakout and is now backtesting the neckline.



^{***}Chart created by Ryan Miscik on the Trading View platform on 4/29/2024. The performance data shown represents past performance and does not guarantee future results.





^{***}Chart created by Ryan Miscik on the Trading View platform on 4/29/2024. The performance data shown represents past performance and does not guarantee future results.



AAPL - Current Price - \$173.70 - Held the demand zone and is now showing some relative strength.



^{***}Chart created by Ryan Miscik on the Trading View platform on 4/29/2024. The performance data shown represents past performance and does not guarantee future results.



Eco data this week:

Eco data this week:								
Economic Releases		▼ Al	l Economic Releases		Vie	w 💿 Age	enda 🌑 W	leekly 🕰
Date Time A	М		Event	Period	Surv(M)	Actual		Revised •
21) 04/29 10:30 🖘	Û	a	Dallas Fed Manf. Activity	Apr	-11.3		-14.4	
22) 04/30 08:30 🔩	Û		Employment Cost Index	1Q	1.0%		0.9%	
23) 04/30 09:00 🔩	Û		FHFA House Price Index MoM	Feb	0.2%		-0.1%	
24) 04/30 09:00	Û		S&P CoreLogic CS 20-City MoM SA	Feb	0.10%		0.14%	
25) 04/30 09:00	Û		S&P CoreLogic CS US HPI YoY NSA	Feb			6.03%	
26) 04/30 09:00	Û		S&P CoreLogic CS 20-City YoY NSA	Feb	6.70%		6.59%	
27) 04/30 09:45 🔩	Û	all	MNI Chicago PMI	Apr	45 . 0		41.4	
28) 04/30 10:00 ◁□	Û	al.	Conf. Board Consumer Confidence	Apr	104.0		104.7	
29) 04/30 10:00	Û		Conf. Board Present Situation	Apr			151.0	
30) 04/30 10:00	Û		Conf. Board Expectations	Apr			73 . 8	
31) 04/30 10:30	Û		Dallas Fed Services Activity	Apr			-5 . 5	
32) 05/01 07:00 ◁।	Û	.dl	MBA Mortgage Applications	Apr 26			-2.7%	
33) 05/01 08:15 ◁।	Û	.il	ADP Employment Change	Apr	185k		18 4 k	
34) 05/01 09:45 ◁।	Û	d	S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI	Apr F	49.9		49.9	
35) 05/01 10:00 ◁ □	Û	d	Construction Spending MoM	Mar	0.3%		-0.3%	
36) 05/01 10:00	Û	all	JOLTS Job Openings	Mar	8665k		8756k	
37) 05/01 10:00 ◁ □	Û	.il	ISM Manufacturing	Apr	50.1		50.3	
38) 05/01 10:00 ◁□	Û	all	ISM Prices Paid	Apr	55 . 2		55 . 8	
39) 05/01 10:00	Û		ISM New Orders	Apr			51 . 4	
40) 05/01 10:00	Û		ISM Employment	Apr			47.4	
41) 05/01 14:00 <	Û	.il	FOMC Rate Decision (Upper Bound)	May 1	5.50%		5.50%	
42) 05/01 14:00	Ť	4	FOMC Rate Decision (Lower Bound)	May 1	5.25%		5.25%	
43) 05/01 14:00	Ů		Interest on Reserve Balances Rate	May 2			5.40%	
44) 05/01	ŷ	a	Wards Total Vehicle Sales	Apr	15.70m		15.49m	
45) 05/02 07:30	Ť		Challenger Job Cuts YoY	Apr			0.7%	
46) 05/02 08:30 <□	Ť	di	Trade Balance	Mar	-\$69 . 5b		-\$68 . 9b	
47) 05/02 08:30	Û	al.	Nonfarm Productivity	1Q P	0.8%		3 . 2%	
48) 05/02 08:30	Û		Unit Labor Costs	1Q P	3 . 2%		0.4%	
49) 05/02 08:30 ◀·	Ť		Initial Jobless Claims	Apr 27	212k		207k	
50) 05/02 08:30	Û		Continuing Claims	Apr 20	1795k		1781k	
51) 05/02 10:00	Ť	l all	Factory Orders	Mar	1.5%		1.4%	
52) 05/02 10:00	Ť		Factory Orders Ex Trans	Mar			1.1%	
53) 05/02 10:00 ◀·	Û		Durable Goods Orders	Mar F	2.6%		2.6%	
54) 05/02 10:00	Û	all	Durables Ex Transportation	Mar F			0.2%	
55) 05/02 10:00 ◀·	Û	d	Cap Goods Orders Nondef Ex Air	Mar F			0.2%	
56) 05/02 10:00 ◀	τ̈́	d	Cap Goods Ship Nondef Ex Air	Mar F			0.2%	
57) 05/03 08:30	Û	ш	Two-Month Payroll Net Revision	Apr			22k	
58) 05/03 08:30 ◀	Û		Change in Nonfarm Payrolls	Apr	250k		303k	
59) 05/03 08:30	Û	щ	Change in Manufact, Payrolls	Apr	200k 5k		232k 0k	
60) 05/03 08:30	Ť	뼥	Change in Manufact. Payrolls	Apr				
61) 05/03 08:30 62) 05/03 08:30	Û		Unemployment Rate	Apr	3.8% 0.3%		3.8% 0.3%	
	Û		Average Hourly Earnings MoM Average Hourly Earnings YoY	Apr	4.0%		4.1%	
63) 05/03 08:30 64) 05/03 08:30	Ť		Average Hourty Earnings 101 Average Weekly Hours All Employees	Apr	34.4		34.4	
65) 05/03 08:30	Û			Apr			62.7%	
66) 05/03 08:30	Û		Labor Force Participation Rate Underemployment Rate	Apr Apr	62.7%		7.3%	
67) 05/03 09:45 록□	Û	ä	S&P Global US Services PMI	Apr F	50.9		50.9	
68) 05/03 09:45 ₹	Û	ä	S&P Global US Composite PMI	Apr F	30.9		50.9	
69) 05/03 10:00 록□	Û	ä	ISM Services Index	Apr 1 Apr	52.0		51.4	
70) 05/03 10:00	Ť	l"	ISM Services Prices Paid	Apr	52.0		53.4	
71) 05/03 10:00	Û		ISM Services Employment	Apr			48.5	
72) 05/03 10:00	Û		ISM Services Limployment ISM Services New Orders	Apr			54.4	
70 05/05 10:00		111	C ' L OCC' O ' C D I L I' D				21.1	_

^{***}Source Bloomberg



Earnings reports this week:



^{***}Source earningswhispers.com

Market update:

- 1. Stocks reversed back higher last week, with the Nasdaq leading the way. It finished up a solid 4.23%, while the S&P 500 and Dow Jones Industrial Average gained 2.67% and 0.67%, respectively.
- 2. There was a solid rebound in growth names like consumer discretionary and tech last week
- 3. Big jobs report this week, along with a Fed rate decision after recent economic data showed a slowing economy and rising inflation.

Stocks have been volatile as of late, but now that we're heading into earnings season, we have a new catalyst one way or the other. There's been some good results already like Microsoft and Alphabet, on the other hand, results from Netflix and Meta were disappointing. The most important earnings this week to be watching is Apple's which reports on Thursday. The stock is hanging out near technical support and was on the verge of a breakdown last week before holding. If, for some reason, they post bad results or lower guidance, we could see the stock enter a bear market. But if they exceed expectations, it may reemerge as a new leader.

Last week's economic data was anything but encouraging. The first quarter GDP came in below estimates, while the personal consumption expenditures came in above estimates. So, this says that the rate of economic growth is decreasing, while price pressures are rising and what happens when we have low growth and high inflation...stagflation. Consumption accounts for nearly 70% of U.S. GDP, and if anything is going to change consumer confidence, it's rising prices. We haven't hit that inflection point yet, but it may not be that far away especially if crude oil starts to surge.

The biggest conundrum the Fed has faced over the past couple years of monetary hawkishness has been the resiliency of the labor market. People frequently lament that the Phillips Curve is dead, but despite its flaws, it's still an important theory for central bankers. The Fed tried to engineer a recession but failed. By raising rates, they wanted the unemployment rate to rise within reason, but it hasn't worked out that way. I'm not sure this is something they want to pursue since they're failing on one of their two mandates—the first being price stability, and the second being full employment. There could be the potential for major



reforms at a monetary level if the Fed starts to lose control. That's why we need to keep a close watch on the labor market, and we'll get another update this week, along with another rate decision. Just like at the last meeting, there most likely will not be any change in the policy rate.

67 East Park Place, Suite 750 | Morristown, NJ | 07960 www.greenbergandrapp.com | 0: 973-434-8076 | e: rmiscik@eaglerockwealth.com

This report was prepared by Greenberg & Rapp, and reflects the current opinion of the firm, which may change without further notice. This report is for informational purposes only and is not intended to replace the advice of a qualified professional. Nothing contained herein should be considered as investment advice or a recommendation or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any security or other investment. Opinions contained herein should not be interpreted as a forecast of future events or a guarantee of future results. Different types of investments involve varying degrees of risk, and there can be no assurance that any specific investment will either be suitable or profitable for a client's portfolio. Economic factors, market conditions, and investment strategies will affect the performance of any portfolio and there are no assurances that it will match or outperform any particular benchmark.

Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

Diversification does not ensure a profit or protect against loss in a declining market.

Commentary regarding the returns for investment indices and categories do not reflect the performance of Greenberg & Rapp, or its clients. Historical performance results for investment indices and/or categories generally do not reflect the deduction of transaction and/or custodial charges or the deduction of an investment-management fee, the incurrence of which would have the effect of decreasing historical performance results. Figures contained herein are obtained from sources deemed reliable, but we do not guarantee its accuracy or completeness. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Investments fluctuate in value.